

DEPARTMENT OF POLITICAL SCIENCE



UNIVERSITY OF ALLAHABAD

Syllabus

B.A. III

2013-14

B.A. PART-III PAPER I

INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT

UNIT -I

Main Features of Ancient Indian Political Thought, Political Ideas of Manu and Kautilya.

UNIT-II

Main Features of Jain and Buddhist Political Thought, Political Ideas of the Mahabharat - Origin of State, Elements of State, Nature of State, Inter-state Relations and Political Morality.

UNIT - III

Indian Renaissance and Political Ideas of Raja Ram Mohan Roy, Dayanand Saraswati and Vivekanand.

UNIT- IV

Political Ideas of Bal Gangadhar Tilak, Aurobindo Ghosh, M.N. Roy and Jay Prakash Narayan.

UNIT-V

Jawaharlal Nehru, Mahatma Gandhi and B.R. Ambedkar.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

A.S. Altekar	:	State and Government in Ancient India (English and Hindi)
Beni Prasad	:	Theory of Government in Ancient India
Bidyut Chakrabarty & Rajendra Pandey		Modern Indian Political Thought
		(English & Hindi)
B.M. Sharma, R.K.D. Sharma, Savita Sharma		Bhartiya Rajnitik Vicharak
K. P. Jaiswal	:	Hindu Polity
Parmatama Sharan	:	Prachin Bharatiya Rajnitik Chintan
Ram Ratan, Ruchi Tyag	i٠	Indian Political Thought
		indian i Olitical Thought
Sankar Ganesh		Modern Indian Political Thinking
Sankar Ganesh V.P. Verma	:	Modern Indian Political
	:	Modern Indian Political Thinking Ancient and Medieval Indian
V.P. Verma	:	Modern Indian Political Thinking Ancient and Medieval Indian Political Thought Modern Indian Political
V.P. Verma V.P. Verma	: :	Modern Indian Political Thinking Ancient and Medieval Indian Political Thought Modern Indian Political Thought (English/Hindi) History of Indian Political
V.P. Verma V.P. Verma U.N. Ghoshal	: :	Modern Indian Political Thinking Ancient and Medieval Indian Political Thought Modern Indian Political Thought (English/Hindi) History of Indian Political Ideas Formation of Indian Political

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B.A. PART-III PAPER II

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION WITH SPECIAL REFERENCE TO INDIA

UNIT-I

Meaning, Scope & Significance of Public Administration. NPA & NPM.

Organisation- Meaning, Type & Bases.

Principles of Organisation- (i) Span of Control, (ii) Unity of Command (iii) Hierarchy, (iv) Centralisation & De centralization.

UNIT-II

Ecology of Indian Administration- (i) Constitution of India (ii) Parliamentary Democracy (iii) Federalism (iv) Planning (v) Socialism.

Structure of Organisation- (i) Central Secretariat (ii) Cabinet Secretariat (iii) PMO

Centre-State Relations- (i) Legislative (ii) Administrative (iii) Financial (iv) Recent Developments

UNIT-III

Planning in India –(i) History & growth (ii) Impact of Liberalization (iii) NITI AAYOG its organization, structure and functions.

Public Sector Undertakings-(i) History & Growth (ii) Classifications (iii) Role & Relevance in the post-Liberalization era.

Parliamentary Control over Financial Administration-(i) Public Accounts Committee (ii) Estimates Committee (iii) Committee on Public Undertakings (iv) Comptroller & Auditor General.

UNIT-IV

Growth of Civil Service in India- (i) History (ii) Types, Classification & Methods of Recruitment (iv) UPSC (v) Role, Importance & Problems of Indian Civil Service.

District Administration & OM.

Rural & Urban Local Self Government with special reference to 73rd & 74th Constitutional Amendment Acts.

UNIT-V

Welfare Administration for SC, ST & Women.

Important Issues in Indian Administration- (i) Generalist-Specialist Controversy (ii) Problem of Corruption (iii) Redressal of Public Grievances (iv) Lok Pal & Lokayukta (v) Minister- Civil Servant Relationship.

Books Recommended

Bhattacharya, Mohit: New Horizons of Public Administration, Jawahar Publishers and Distributions, New Delhi.

Bhattacharya, Mohit: Public Administration: Structure, Process and Behavior, The World Process Pvt. Ltd. Kolkata.

Arora, Ramesh: Public Administration: Fresh Perspective, Aalekh Publishers Jaipur.

Bhagwati, Jagdish, 1995, India in Transition, Claredon Press, Oxford.

Das, S. K., 1998, Civil Service Reform and Structural Adjustment, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.

Kapur, Devesh and Bhanu Pratap Mehta (eds.), 2003, Public Institutions in India: Performance and Design Oxford University Press, Delhi.

Mathur, Kuldeep, 2011, From Government to

Governance: A Brief Survey of the Indian Exper ence, National Book Trust India, New Delhi.

Metha, Vinod (eds), Reforming Administration in India, India Council of Social Science Research and Har Anand Publication, New Delhi.

Ashok Chanda: Indian Administration

C. P. Bhambhri : Indian Administration (English & Hindi)

Maheshwari & Awasthi : Public Administration (English & Hindi)

Mohinder Singh & Hoshiar Singh: Indian Administration

S.R. Maheshwari : Indian Administration (English & Hindi)

Sadana and Sharma: Public Administration

Surendra Kataria : Bhartiya Lok Prashasan

Vishnu Das & Vishnu Bhagwan : Administrative Theory.

Yojana and Kurukshetra and Various Government of India Reports (English & Hindi) and Recommendation of Second Administration Reforms Commission, 2005. Relevant issues of Indian Journal of Public Administration (IIP A).

B.A. PART-III PAPER III THEORY AND PRACTICE OF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

UNIT-I

The Study of International Relations: Meaning, Nature and Scope

Approaches to the Study of IR : Realist and Liberal Role of State and Non-state actors

UNIT-II

Cold War and its impact on World Politics Features of the present world order Globalisation and its impact on the developing world Problems of the third world security

UNIT-III

NAM : Origin, role and relevance North-South Dialogue Regional Organisations : ASEAN , SAARC

UNIT- IV

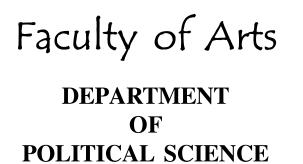
International Terrorism, Nuclear Proliferation: Problem and Solution Disarmament and Arms Control Collective Security: Under the League and the United Nations

UNIT- V

India's foreign policy: Determinants and objectives Key features of Indian foreign policy India's relations with Pakistan The Post-Cold War Indo-US relations

BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

John Baylis, Steve Smith (Eds.)	: The Globalisation of World Politics - An Introduction to International Relations
Joshua S Goldstein	: International Relations
K.K. Mishra, Subhash	: Anter Rashtriya Rajniti
Shukla	ke Siddhant
Mahendra Kumar	: Theoretical Aspects of International Relations
Pushpesh Pant	: Anterrashtriya Sambandh
Rajen Harshe,	:
K.M. Seethi (Eds.)	: Engaging with the World:
	Critical Reflections on
	India's Foreign Policy
R.S. Yadav,	
Suresh Dhanda	: India's Foreign Policy-
	Contemporary Trends
Robert Jackson &	
George Sorensen	: Introduction to Interna- tional Relations -
	Theories and Approaches
Scott Burchill (Ed.)	: Theories of International Relations
Sumit Ganguly (Ed.)	: India's Foreign Policy-
3, 7, 7,	Perspective and Prospects
Tapan Biswal (Ed.) (English & Hindi)	: International Relations
Trevor, Taylor	: Theory of International
·····, ··· ·	Relations
J.Bandopadhyaya	: The Making of India's Foreign Policy.
U.R. Ghai	: International Relations
	(Hindi & English)
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B.A. II

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B.A. PART-II

PAPER I

WESTERN POLITICAL PHILOSOPHY

UNIT- I

Meaning and Nature of Political Thought -Characteristics of Ancient Greek Political Thought.

Plato: Justice, Communism, Education, Ideal State, Sub- Ideal State.

Aristotle: Method, Origin, Nature and End of State, Property and Slavery, Revolution, Law and Justice and Citizenship.

UNIT-II

FEATURES OF MEDIEVAL POLITICAL THOUGHT

Aguinas: Scholasticism, State-Church Relationship, Law, his importance.

Machiavelli: Life and Times, Views on Religion, Morality, State, Diplomacy, his importance.

Bodin : Theory of State and Sovereignty, his importance.

UNIT -III

Hobbes, Locke, Rousseau: State of Nature, Social Contract, Sovereignty, State, Rousseau's concept of General Will.

Bentham: Utilitarianism, Idea of State, Law and Punishment, his importance.

UNIT-IV

Mill: Revision of Utilitarianism, Liberty, Democracy, his importance.

Green: Idealism, Individualism, State, Liberty, Rights, General Will, War and Property.

UNIT- V

Hegel: Dialectics, State, his importance. Marx: Dialectical Materialism, Economic Analysis of History, Theory of class conflict, Revolution and Communism, importance of Marx. Lenin: State, Revolution, Party and Imperialism.

Mao : Peasantry, Revolution, Guerilla Warfare, Importance of his Philosophy.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

Brian R Nelson	: Western Political Thought (Second Ed)
B.R. Purohit	: Rajnitik Chintan Ka Itihas
C.L. Wayper	: Political Theory
D.R. Bhandari	: A History of European Political Thought
David Mc Lellan	: Political Thought of
	Karl Marx.
Ernest Barker	: Plato and Aristotle
G H Sabine and Thorson	History of Political Ideas
John Marrow	: History of Western Political
	Thought - A Thematic Introduction
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J.P. Suda	:	Adhunik Rajnitik Vichar (4 volumes)
K.L. Kamal	:	Pashchatya Rajnitik Chintan
Murray Forsyth & Maurice	:	A Guide to the Political Classics Plato Keens Sopor to Rousseau
Martin Cohen	:	Political Philosophy from
		Plato to Marx
Mukherjee and		
Ramaswamy	:	A History of Political Thought (English & Hindi)
Newton	:	Western Political Thought
O.P. Gauba	:	Rajnitik Chintan ka Itihas
R.S. Chaurasia	:	History of Western Political
		Thought
Ram Chandra Sharma	:	Rajnitik Chintan,
		Vol. I & II
Samuel Enoch Stumpf	:	Socrates to Sartre
Sukhbir Sinqh	:	History of Political Thought
William A Dunning	:	A History of Political Theories, Vol. I, II

B.A. PART-II

PAPER-II

COMPARATIVE GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS

UNIT- I

Approaches to the study of Comparative Government

- (i) Meaning of Comparative Government and Comparative Politics.
- (ii) Nature and Scope
- (iii) Traditional and Modern Approaches.

UNIT- II

Constitution and Constitutionalism

- (i) Constitution -Meaning and Making
- (ii) Amendments and Revision.
- (iii) Constitutionalism: Meaning, Nature, Kinds of Constitutionalism
- (iv) Rule of Law
- (v) Legislature
- (VI) Executive
- (VII) Judiciary.

UNIT- III

Organisation of Governments: (i) Unitary and Federal (ii) Parliamentary and Presidential

- (iii) United Front and Coalition Government.
- (iv) Democracy and Dictatorship.
- (v) Local Self Government.

UNIT-IV

I. Political Culture and Socialisation

II. Political Parties

Organisation and Functions of Political Parties.

Types of Party System: Liberal Democratic, models and Communist Model with special reference to China. Role of Parties in Modern States.

(III) Pressure Groups: Meaning, importance and kinds of Pressure Groups.

Role and Techniques of Pressure Groups in democracy.

UNIT- V

Electioral Precess :

 Electoral System and Voting Behaviour.
Direct democracy, Referendum, Initiative and Recall (with special reference to Switzerland) Electoral Reforms

- (II) Public Opinion and Mass Media, Meaning, Nature.
 Role and importance.
- (III) Bureaucracy.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

Almond and Powell	: Comparative Politics A D e v e I o p m e n t a I Approach
Alan R Ball	: Modern Politics and Government
C.B. Gena	: Tulnatmak Rajniti Avam Sansthain
Apter and Eikstein	: Comparative Politics
	A Reader
J.C. Johri	: Comparative Politics
	(English & Hindi)
O.P. Gauba	: Tulnatmak Rajniti
Parmatarna Sharan	: Comparative Politics
(English & Hindi) R.H.	
Chilcote Ronald	: Theories of Comparative
	Politics
S.P. Verma	: Modern Political Theory
Harihar Das	: Comparative Govern- ment
Vidya Bhushan	: Comparative Politics

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Judith Barand Mark Pennington J Blondel (1995)

Almond G.A.

: Comparative Politics

- : Comparative Government
- : Comparative Politics today. A World view 1996

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Syllabus

B.A. I

2013-14

B.A. PART-I

PAPER I

POLITICAL THEORY

UNIT- I

DEFINITION : Nature and Scope of Political Science. Political Science as study of State and Government, as study of Power, as study of Political System.

NOMENCLATURE : Political Science, Politics, Political Theory, Political Philosophy, Comparative Politics.

POLITICAL SCIENCE - Its relations with other Social Sciences.

APPROACHES: Different Approaches to the study of Political Science, e.g. Historical, Philosophical, Behavioural and Post-Behavioural.

UNIT-II

STATE:

i) Meaning and Elements, Dominant Perspectives-Idealistic, Individualistic, Liberal, Social Welfare,

Contemporary Libertarian Concept, Gandhian concept and Marxian view of the State.

ii) Origin of the State - different theories, e.g.Divine-origin, force, social contract, evolutionary.

UNIT -III

SOVEREIGNTY: Concept; Attributes, Different Theories : Monistic, Pluralistic and Philosophical. Nation and Nationalism, Challenges before the Nationstate, Globalisation, and Emergence of Civil Society.

UNIT-IV

CONCEPTS : Liberty, Equality, Rights, Law, Justice, Punishment and Citizenship

UNIT-V

Evolutionary Socialism, Marxism, Fascism Democracy and Communitarianism

BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

Andrew Heywood : Political Theory -An Introduction C.E.M. Joad : Modern Political Theory (English & Hindi)

Eddy Asirvatham	
and K. K. Misra	: Political Theory (English & Hindi
	Versions)
G,C. Field	: Political Theory
John Hoffman &	
Paul Graham	: Introduction to Political Theory
M.P. Jain	: Marxism and Liberalism (English & Hindi)
Catriona Mckinnon	: Issues in Political Theory
O.P. Gauba	: An Introduction to Political Theory (English & Hindi Version)
Pant, Gupta, Jain	: Rajniti Shastra ke Adhar (Hindi)
Rajeev Bhargava and Ashok Acharya	: Political Theory - An Introduction
Robert Dahl	: Modern Political Analysis
M.J. Vinod & Deshpande	: Political Theory

Sushila Ramaswamy : Political Theory Idea & Concept.

B.A. PART I Paper II

Theory and Practice of Modern Governments (with special reference to U.K., U.S.A., China and India)

UNIT-I

Constitution of U.K.: Salient features, Conventions, Monarchy, Cabinet, Prime Minister, Parliament- organization, powers and functions, Reform of the House of the Lords, Organs of the higher judiciary- powers and functions, Party System.

UNIT- II

Constitution of U.S.A.: Salient features, Federalism, Constitutional Amendments, President, Vice President, Cabinet, Congress- organization, powers and functions, Supreme Court- organization, powers and functions, Judicial Review, Party System.

UNIT- III

Constitution of People's Republic of China: Main features, Communist Party of China, President, Premier, State Council, National People's Congress, Central Military Commission, Supreme People's Court-

organization, powers and functions.

UNIT-IV

Constitution of India (A): - The Constituent Assembly organization, powers and functions, Objectives and Philosophy of the Indian Constitution- Preamble, Main Features, Procedure of Amendment, Federalism, Fundamental Rights, Directive Principles of State Policy and Fundamental Duties.

UNIT- V

Constitution of India (B): President, Emergency Provisions, Prime Minister and Council of Ministers, Parliament- organization, powers and functions, Judiciary- Supreme Court and High Courtorganization, powers and functions, Judicial Review and Judicial Activism, Governor, Chief minister and Council of Ministers, State Legislature- organization, powers and functions, Panchayati Raj and Urban Local Bodies, Party System in India - basic features.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

A.C. Kapur	: Select Constitutions
C. F. Strong	: Constitution and Constitution alism

C. F. Strong	: Major Contemporary Political Systems
Colin Padfield	: British Constitution Made Easy
D.D. Basu	: An Introduction to the Constitution
H.M. Jain	of India (English & Hindi) : Panch Samvidhan
Harvey & Bather	: British Constitution
K.R. Bombwall	: Modern Constitutions
Ogg. Ray and Young	: Essentials of American Government
R.M. Punnet	: British Constitution
Rupa Manglani	: Bhartiya Shasan aur Rajniti
M.V. Pylee	: Indian Constitution
Qianfan Zhang	: The constitution of China : A Contextual Analysis Constitu- tional systems of the world)

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